

A well-built deck enhances outdoor living while adding value and functionality to your home. Review the options below to determine the best fit for your space and maintenance preferences.

Deck Materials



Pressure-treated lumber is one of the most common and cost-effective deck materials. The wood is treated with preservatives to help resist rot, insects, and moisture.



Composite decking is made from a blend of wood fibers and recycled plastic. It is designed to mimic the look of wood while requiring far less maintenance.



Hardwood decking uses dense, durable woods such as Ipe, Tigerwood, Cumaru, or Mahogany. These woods are naturally resistant to insects and decay.



Aluminum decking is a premium deck material known for its extreme durability and very low maintenance. Unlike wood or composite materials, aluminum boards won't rot, warp, or splinter and can last for decades.



PVC decking is made entirely from synthetic plastic (polyvinyl chloride) and contains no wood fibers, which makes it highly resistant to moisture, mold, and rot. Modern PVC boards are often textured and colored to look like real wood while requiring very little maintenance.

Deck Styles

- Ground-level decks
- Elevated or multi-level decks
- Wraparound decks

Deck Features

- Steps, landings, and platforms -
 - Deck steps and intermediate landings create safe and convenient transitions between different elevations while improving accessibility and flow.
- Built-in seating or planters
 - Integrated seating and planter boxes add functionality and style, creating comfortable gathering areas and incorporating greenery directly into the deck design.
- Railings (wood, metal, cable, or composite)
 - Railings provide safety and design flexibility, with options ranging from traditional wood to modern metal or cable systems that maintain open views.

